

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 012A291062
Product name: NEOS ACTIVE FOAM
UFI: P1U0-90JK-A002-3PTK

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Car wash cleaner

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Car wash cleaner	-	✓	-
Uses Advised Against			
all other uses not recommended			

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: ALLEGRINI S.P.A.
Full address: Vicolo Salvo D'Acquisto, 2
District and Country: 24050 Grassobbio (BG) Italy
Tel.: +39 035 4242111
Fax: +39 035 526588
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: msds@allegrini.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: Allegrini SpA : Tel. +39 035 4242111 Mon - Fri 8.00 - 17.00 GMT +1

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1	H290	May be corrosive to metals.
Skin corrosion, category 1A	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

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SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

Hazard statements:

H290 May be corrosive to metals.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P303+P361+P353 IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH SKIN (or hair): immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse the skin [or take a shower].
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.
P264 Wash your hands thoroughly after use.

Contains: Sodium hydroxide
(1-hydroxyethylidene)bisphosphonic acid, sodium salt

Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

Less than 5% amphoteric surfactants, EDTA
5% or over but less than 15% phosphonates, anionic surfactants

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\geq$ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts		
INDEX	$8 \leq x < 9$	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
EC	500-234-8	Eye Dam. 1 H318: $\geq 10\%$, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: $\geq 5\%$
CAS	68891-38-3	
REACH Reg.	01-2119488639-16	
(1-hydroxyethylidene)bisphosphonic acid, sodium salt		
INDEX	$7 \leq x < 8$	Met. Corr. 1 H290, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318
EC	249-559-4	STA Oral: 500 mg/kg
CAS	29329-71-3	
REACH Reg.	01-2119510382-52	
Sodium hydroxide		
INDEX	$4 \leq x < 4,5$	Met. Corr. 1 H290, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318
EC	215-185-5	Skin Corr. 1B H314: $\geq 2\%$, Skin Irrit. 2 H315: $\geq 0,5\%$, Eye Dam. 1 H318: $\geq 2\%$, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: $\geq 0,5\%$
CAS	1310-73-2	
REACH Reg.	01-2119457892-27	
Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate		
INDEX	$2,5 \leq x < 3$	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Dam. 1 H318
EC	200-573-9	LD50 Oral: 1780 mg/kg, STA Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l
CAS	64-02-8	
REACH Reg.	01-2119486762-27	

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Ethanol

INDEX 603-002-00-5 1,5 ≤ x < 2
EC 200-578-6
CAS 64-17-5
REACH Reg. 01-2119457610-43

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319
Eye Irrit. 2 H319: ≥ 50%

2-butoxyethanol

INDEX 603-014-00-0 0,607 ≤ x < 0,707
EC 203-905-0
CAS 111-76-2
REACH Reg. 01-2119475108-36

Acute Tox. 3 H331, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
LD50 Oral: 1200 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: 3 mg/l/4h

Methyl ethyl ketone

INDEX 606-002-00-3 0 ≤ x < 0,05
EC 201-159-0
CAS 78-93-3
REACH Reg. 01-2119457290-43

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures ... / >>

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnim kemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
SVK	Slovensko	NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénym a mutagénym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu (Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021

Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	2,2	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,22	mg/l
Normal value for water, intermittent release	1,2	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	43	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,72	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic			Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				25 mg/kg				
Inhalation	1,2 mg/m3			0,6 mg/m3	3 mg/m3			1,5 mg/m3

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,24	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,024	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0,9168	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,09168	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,071	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	10000	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	7,5	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic			Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				15 mg/kg				
Inhalation				52 mg/m3				175 mg/m3
Skin				1650 mg/kg				2750 mg/kg

Sodium hydroxide

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h mg/m3	ppm	STEL/15min mg/m3	ppm	Remarks / Observations
TLV	BGR	2				
VLA	ESP			2		
VLEP	FRA	2				
AK	HUN	1		2		
GVI/KGVI	HRV			2		
NDS/NDSch	POL	0,5		1		
NPEL	SVK	2				
MV	SVN	2		2		INHAL
WEL	GBR			2		
TLV-ACGIH				2 (C)		

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic			Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation			1 mg/m3				1 mg/m3	

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Ethanol

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	1000				
AGW	DEU	380	200	1520	800	
MAK	DEU	380	200	1520	800	
VLA	ESP			1910	1000	
VLEP	FRA	1900	1000	9500	5000	
AK	HUN	1900		3800		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	1900	1000			
NDS/NDSch	POL	1900				
TLV	ROU	1900	1000	9500	5000	
NPEL	SVK	960	500	1920	1000	
MV	SVN	960	500	1920	1000	
WEL	GBR	1920	1000			
TLV-ACGIH				1884	1000	

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,96	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,79	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	36	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	2,9	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	2,75	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	580	mg/l
Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)	0,72	mg/kg
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,63	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic			Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation					1900 mg/m3			950 mg/m3
Skin								343 mg/kg/d

2-butoxyethanol

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	98	20	245	50	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	98	20	246	50	SKIN
MV	SVN	98	20	246	50	SKIN
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		97	20			

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	8,8	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,88	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	34,6	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	3,46	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	26,4	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	463	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	2,33	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic			Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		26,7 mg/kg bw/d		6,3 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	147 mg/m3	426 mg/m3		59 mg/m3	246 mg/m3	1091 mg/m3		98 mg/m3

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

Methyl ethyl ketone

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	590		885		
AGW	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN
MAK	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN
VLA	ESP	600	200	900	300	
VLEP	FRA	600	200	900	300	SKIN
AK	HUN	600		900		SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	600	200	900	300	
VLEP	ITA	600	200	900	300	
VLE	PRT	600	200	900	300	
NDS/NDSch	POL	450		900		SKIN
TLV	ROU	600	200	900	300	
NPEL	SVK	600	200	900	300	
MV	SVN	600	200	900	300	SKIN
WEL	GBR	600	200	899	300	SKIN
OEL	EU	600	200	900	300	
TLV-ACGIH		590	200	885	300	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear a hood visor or protective visor combined with airtight goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	clear liquid	
Colour	pink	
Odour	odourless	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	> 100 °C	

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties ... / >>

Flammability	not available
Lower explosive limit	not available
Upper explosive limit	not available
Flash point	> 60 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	not available
Decomposition temperature	not available
pH	13
Kinematic viscosity	not available
Solubility	soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available
Vapour pressure	not available
Density and/or relative density	1,1
Relative vapour density	not available
Particle characteristics	not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

Sodium hydroxide

Exothermal reaction with water. Reaction with acids and metals. It reacts with aluminum or its alloys in the presence of water to form hydrogen.

2-butoxyethanol

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

Methyl ethyl ketone

Reacts with: light metals, strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. Decomposes under the effect of heat.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

Ethanol

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, alkaline oxides, calcium hypochlorite, sulphur monofluoride, acetic anhydride, acids, concentrated hydrogen peroxide, perchlorates, perchloric acid, perchloronitrile, mercury nitrate, nitric acid, silver, silver nitrate, ammonia, silver oxide, ammonia, strong oxidising agents, nitrogen dioxide. May react dangerously with: bromoacetylene, chlorine acetylene, bromine trifluoride, chromium trioxide, chromyl chloride, fluorine, potassium tert-butoxide, lithium hydride, phosphorus trioxide, black platinum, zirconium (IV) chloride, zirconium (IV) iodide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

2-butoxyethanol

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air.

Methyl ethyl ketone

May form peroxides with: air, light, strong oxidising agents. Risk of explosion on contact with: hydrogen peroxide, nitric acid, sulphuric acid. May react dangerously with: oxidising agents, trichloromethane, alkalis. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

Sodium hydroxide

Avoid exposure to: air, moisture, sources of heat.

Ethanol

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

2-butoxyethanol

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ... / >>

Methyl ethyl ketone

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Sodium hydroxide

Incompatible with: strong acids, ammonia, zinc, lead, aluminium, water, flammable liquids.

Aluminium and light alloys.

2-butoxyethanol

Avoid contact with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids.

Methyl ethyl ketone

Incompatible with: strong oxidants, inorganic acids, ammonia, copper, chloroform.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

2-butoxyethanol

May develop: hydrogen.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture:

> 5 mg/l

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture:

> 20 mg/l

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

> 2000 mg/kg

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate

LD50 (Oral):

1780 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

> 1 mg/l/4h Rat

STA (Inhalation mists/powders):

1,5 mg/l

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

(1-hydroxyethylidene)bisphosphonic acid, sodium salt

STA (Oral):

500 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts

LD50 (Dermal):

> 5000 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Oral):

> 5000 mg/kg Rat

Sodium hydroxide

LD50 (Oral):

> 2000 mg/kg rat

SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Ethanol	
LD50 (Oral):	> 6,2 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 50 mg/l/4h Rat
2-butoxyethanol	
LD50 (Oral):	1200 mg/kg Guinea pig
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	3 mg/l/4h Rat
Methyl ethyl ketone	
LD50 (Dermal):	6480 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	2737 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	23,5 mg/l/8h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin
Classification according to the experimental Ph value

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate
NOAEL: F1: > 250 mg/kg (Rat)

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	
LC50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	140 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 100 mg/l/72h

SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 25,7 mg/l (35d)
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 25 mg/l (21d)
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	
LC50 - for Fish	> 10 mg/l/96h <i>Leuciscus idus</i>
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 10 mg/l/48h <i>Daphnia magna</i>
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 100 mg/l/72h <i>Scenedesmus subspicatus</i>
Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 1 mg/l <i>Leuciscus idus</i>
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l <i>Daphnia magna</i>
Sodium hydroxide	
LC50 - for Fish	> 35 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	40,4 mg/l/48h <i>Daphnia</i>
Ethanol	
LC50 - for Fish	> 13000 mg/l/96h <i>salmo gairdneri</i>
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 12300 mg/l/48h <i>daphnia magna</i>
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 275 mg/l/72h <i>chlorella vulgaris</i>
2-butoxyethanol	
LC50 - for Fish	1474 mg/l/96h <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>
EC50 - for Crustacea	1550 mg/l/48h <i>Daphnia magna</i>
Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 100 mg/l <i>Brachydanio rerio</i>

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	
NOT rapidly degradable	
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	
Rapidly degradable	
Sodium hydroxide	
Rapidly degradable	
Ethanol	
Rapidly degradable	
2-butoxyethanol	
Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable	
Methyl ethyl ketone	
Solubility in water	> 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Methyl ethyl ketone	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,3

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1719

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium hydroxide ; (1-hydroxyethylidene)bisphosphonic acid, sodium salt)

IMDG: CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium hydroxide ; (1-hydroxyethylidene)bisphosphonic acid, sodium salt)

IATA: CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (Sodium hydroxide ; (1-hydroxyethylidene)bisphosphonic acid, sodium salt)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8



IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8



IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO

IMDG: NO

IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 80
Special provision: 274

Limited Quantities: 1 L

Tunnel restriction code: (E)

IMDG: EMS: F-A, S-B

Limited Quantities: 1 L

IATA: Cargo:

Maximum quantity: 30 L

Packaging instructions: 855

Pass.:

Maximum quantity: 1 L

Packaging instructions: 851

Special provision:

A3, A803

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

None

SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product	
Point	3 - 40
Contained substance	
Point	75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors
not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage $\geq$ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

The surfactant(s) contained in this preparation complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Met. Corr. 1	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
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 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
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 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website
 - ECHA website
 - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the

SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

14.